三日本書を書いているというというないに、これのではなるのである。

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 7 (legislative day, January 15), 1963

Mr. Douglas (for himself, Mr. Mansfield, Mr. Magnuson, Mr. Case, Mr. Clark, Mr. Proxmure, Mrs. Neuberger, Mr. Dodd, Mr. Kefauver, Mr. Hart, Mr. Randolph, Mr. Young of Ohio, Mr. Moss, Mr. Cannon, Mr. Gruening, Mr. Morse, Mr. Bartlett, Mr. McGee, Mr. Pell, and Mr. McGovern) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking and Currency

A BILL

To assist in the promotion of economic stabilization by requiring the disclosure of finance charges in connection with extensions of credit.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That this Act may be cited as the "Truth in Lending Act".
- 4 DECLARATION OF PURPOSE
- 5 Sec. 2. The Congress finds and declares that economic
- 6 stabilization is threatened by the untimely use of credit for
- 7 the acquisition of property and services. The untimely use
- 8 of credit results frequently from a lack of awareness of the

- 1 cost thereof to the user. It is the purpose of this Act to
- 2 assure a full disclosure of such cost with a view to preventing
- 3 the uninformed use of credit to the detriment of the national
- 4 economy.
- 5 DEFINITIONS
- 6 Sec. 3. As used in this Act, the term—
- 7 (1) "Board" means the Board of Governors of the Fed-
- 8 eral Reserve System.
- 9 (2) "Credit" means any loan, mortgage, deed of trust,
- advance, or discount; any conditional sales contract; any con-
- 11 tract to sell, or sale, or contract of sale of property or serv-
- 12 ices, either for present or future delivery, under which part
- or all of the price is payable subsequent to the making of
- such sale or contract; any rental-purchase contract; any con-
- tract or arrangement for the hive, bailment, or leasing of
- property; any option, demand, lien, pledge, or other claim
- against, or for the delivery of, property or money; any pur-
- chase, or other acquisition of, or any credit upon the security
- of, any obligation or claim arising out of any of the fore-
- going; and any transaction or series of transactions having a
- 21 similar purpose or effect.

- 1 (3) "Finance charge" means the sum of all the charges
- 2 (including but not limited to interest, fees, service charges,
- 3 and discounts) which any person to whom credit is extended
- 4 incurs in connection with, and as an incident to, the exten-
- 5 sion of such credit.
- 6 (4) "Creditor" means any person engaged in the busi-
- 7 ness of extending credit (including any person who as a
- 8 regular business practice makes loans or sells or rents prop-
- 9 erty or services on a time, credit, or installment basis, either
- 10 as principal or as agent) who requires, as an incident to the
- 11 extension of credit, the payment of a finance charge.
- 12 (5) "Person" means any individual, corporation, part-
- 13 nership, association, or other organized group of persons, or
- 14 the legal successor or representative of the foregoing, and
- 15 includes the United States or any agency thereof, or any
- 16 other government, or any of its political subdivisions, or any
- 17 agency of the foregoing.
- 18 DISCLOSURE OF FINANCE CHARGES
- 19 SEC. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b).
- 20 any creditor shall furnish to each person to whom credit is
- 21 extended, prior to the consummation of the transaction, a

1	clear statement in writing setting forth, to the extent ap-
2	plicable and in accordance with rules and regulations pre-
8	scribed by the Board, the following information-
4	(1) the cash price or delivered price of the prop-
5	erty or service to be acquired;
6	(2) the amounts, if any, to be credited as down-
7	payment and/or trade-in;
8	(3) the difference between the amounts set forth
9	under clauses (1) and (2);
10	(4) the charges, individually itemized, which are
11	paid or to be paid by such person in connection with the
12	transaction but which are not incident to the extension
13	of credit;
14	(5) the total amount to be financed;
15	(6) the finance charge expressed in terms of dollars
16	and cents; and
17	(7) the percentage that the finance charge bears to
18	the total amount to be financed expressed as a simple
19	annual rate on the average outstanding unpaid balance
20	of the obligation.
21	(b) Any creditor agreeing to extend credit to any per-
22	son pursuant to a revolving or open-end credit plan shall, in
23	accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the
24	Board and in lieu of the information described in subsection

(a) ---

1	(1) furnish to such person, prior to agreeing to
2	extend credit under such plan, a clear statement in writ-
3	ing setting forth the simple annual percentage rate or
4	rates at which a finance charge will be imposed; and
5	(2) furnish to such person, at the end of each
6	monthly period (which need not be a calendar month)
7	following the entering into of any such agreement, a
8	clear statement in writing setting forth-
9	(A) the outstanding balance in the account of
10	such person as of the beginning of such monthly
11	period;
12	(B) the amount of each extension of credit to
13	such person (including the cash price or delivered
14	price of any property or service acquired by such
15	person) during such period, together with the date
16	thereof and a brief identification of any property or
17	services so acquired;
18	(C) the total amount received from, or credited
19	to the account of, such person during such period;
20	(D) the finance charge (in dollars and cents)
21	required for such period;
22	(E) the outstanding balance in the account of
23	such person as of the end of such monthly period;
24	and

(F) 1	he	simple	annual	loc!	cent	(F) the simple annual percentage rate or rates	or rates	
providing a yield e	ಡ	yield	ednal	5	the	equal to the finance charge	charge	
imposed.								

amount of credit to be utilized, the dollar amount of the finance charge to be assessed, and the amounts and times of repayment are not specified at the time an agreement to ex-As used in this subsection, the term "revolving or open-end credit plan" means a credit plan under which the tend credit pursuant to such plan is entered into.

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REGULATIONS

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ate the purposes of this Act or to prevent circumvention or the judgment of the Board are necessary or proper to effectuand may provide for such adjustments and exceptions as in percentage rates" for the purpose of section 4, and (B) the information required by such section, and (2) require that such information be set forth with sufficient prominence to insure that it will not be overlooked by the person to whom eredit is extended. Any rule or regulation prescribed hereunder may contain such classifications and differentiations, include a description of (A) the methods which may be used in determining the "simple annual rate" or "simple annual size of type or lettering which shall be used in setting forth SEC. 5. (a) The Board shall prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary or proper in carrying out the provisions of this Act. Such rules and regulations shall (1) 25 18 ٥; 0 গ্ল 33 14 15 16 19 24 17 13 2 2 <u>--</u>

- 1 evasion, or to facilitate the enforcement of this Act, or any
- 2 rule or regulation issued thereunder. In prescribing any ex-
- 3 ceptions hereunder with respect to any particular type of
- 4 credit transaction, the Board shall consider whether in such
- 5 transactions compliance with the disclosure requirements of
- 6 this Act is being achieved under any other Act of Congress.
- 7 The Board shall exempt those credit transactions involving
- 8 extensions of credit to business firms, governments, or gov-
- 9 ernmental agencies or instrumentalities as to which it deter-
- 10 mines adherence to the disclosure requirements of this Act
- 11 is not necessary to carry out the purpose of this Act.
- (b) In the exercise of its powers under this section, the
- 13 Board shall request the views of other Federal agencies
- 14 exercising regulatory functions with respect to creditors, or
- 15 any class of creditors, which are subject to the provisions of
- 16 this Act, and such agencies shall furnish such views upon
- 17 request of the Board.

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18 EFFECT ON STATE LAWS

- 19 SEC. 6. (a) This Act shall not be construed to annul, or
- 20 to exempt any creditor from complying with, the laws of any
- 21 State relating to the disclosure of information in connection
- 22 with credit transactions, except to the extent that such laws
- 23 are directly inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.
- (b) The Board shall by regulation except from the re-
- 25 quirements of this Act any credit transactions or class of

- 1 transactions which it determines are effectively regulated
- 2 under the laws of any State so as to require the disciosure
- 3 by the creditor of the same information as is required under
- 4 section 4 of this Act.

5 PENALTIES

SEC. 7. (a) Any creditor who in connection with any 6 credit transaction fails to disclose to any person any informa-7 tion in violation of this Act or any regulation issued there-8 under shall be liable to such person in the amount of \$100, 9 10 or in an amount equal to twice the finance charge required by such creditor in connection with such transaction, which-11 ever is the greater, except that such liability shall not exceed 12 \$2,000 on any credit transaction. Action to recover such 13 penalty may be brought by such person within one year 14 from the date of the occurrence of the violation, in any court 15 of competent jurisdiction. In any such action, no person 16 shall be entitled to recover such penalty solely as the result 17 of the erroneous computation of any percentage required by 18 section 4 (a) (7), 4 (b) (1), or 4 (b) (2) (F) of this Act to 19 he disclosed to such person, if the percentage disclosed to such 20 21 person pursuant to this Act was in fact greater than the per-22 centage required by such section to be disclosed. In any action under this subsection in which any person is entitled 23 to a recovery, the creditor shall be liable for reasonable 24

attorneys' fees and court costs as determined by the court.

- 1 As used in this subsection, the term "court of competent
- 2 jurisdiction" means either any Federal court of competent
- 3 jurisdiction regardless of the amount in controversy or any
- 4 State court of competent jurisdiction.
- 5 (b) Except as specified in subsection (a) of this section,
- 6 nothing contained in this Act or any regulation thereunder
- 7 shall affect the validity or enforcibility of any contract or
- 8 transaction.
- 9 (c) Any person who willfully violates any provision of
- 10 this Act or any regulation issued thereunder shall be fined
- 11 not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned not more than one
- 12 year, or both.
- 13 (d) No punishment or penalty provided by this Act
- 14 shall apply to the United States, or any agency thereof, or
- 15 to any State, any political subdivision thereof, or any agency
- 16 of any State or political subdivision.
- 17 EFFECTIVE DATE
- 18 Sec. 8. This Act shall become effective on January 1,
- 19 1964.